## **8** – The Lost Books of the Bible

Canonical Books: "Canon" comes from the Greek meaning "rule" or "measuring stick". The accepted "canon" is comprised of the current 66 books in the Christian Bible. All 66 books are considered to be inspired by God.

- Proto-Canonical "Proto" comes from the Greek meaning "first". These books are the "first canon" and include the 39 Old Testament books that were the basis for the Hebrew bible.
- Deutero-Canonical -- "Deutero" comes from the Greek meaning "second". These books are the "second canon" and include the 27 New Testament books written in Greek.

Non-Canonical Books: These are any "religious" book not included in the 66 books of the canon. They are referred to synonymously as either "apochryphal" or "pseudoepigraphal". These books are not inspired by God.

• <u>Apocrypha</u> – From the Greek "apo" meaning "away" and "kryphos" meaning "hidden" (hidden away). These are works of unknown authorship or have doubtful authenticity.

• <u>Pseudoepigrapha</u> - Comes from the Greek "pseudes" meaning "false" and "epigraphe" meaning "name" (false name). These are works that are written by one author but are claimed to have originated earlier by an unknown author.

## **Original King James Apocryphal Books**\*

Lost Books

1. 1st Esdras 9. Letter of Jeremiah 2. 2nd Esdras 10. Prayer of Azariah 3. Tobit 11. Susanna 4. Judith 12. Bel and the Dragon 5. Esther Addendum 13. Prayer of Manasseh 6. Wisdom of Solomon 14. 1st Maccabees 7. Wisdom of Sirach 15. 2nd Maccabees 8. Baruch \* Books still used by Roman Catholics

## Other Apochryphal and Pseudoepigrapha Books 9. Letter of Aristias

- 1. Ascension of Moses 2. Book of Assaf 3. Book of Noah
- 5. Prayer of Jacob
- 6. History of Joseph
- 7. Song of the 3 Children
- 8. Sword of Moses
- 11. Treatise of Shem 4. Book of Adam & Eve 12. Ladder of Jacob 13. Jannes & Jambres 14. Sibbyline Oracles 15. Epic of Babylon 16. Prophet History

10. Vision of Ezra

Source (Lost) Books: These 28 works are in a special category of works that are used by the Holy Spirit as source or reference material within the accepted canon (our current bible). They are in the form of books, chronicles, records, and epistles. These works were well known by the Israelites/Jews and played a very important role at particular times in history for certain generations of people. God has since removed all of these books (except for "The Book of Enoch") from existence because their usefulness and necessity has been fulfilled. Whether these works are inspired by God or not has always been a point of contention for the Christian church. I believe that if the Holy Spirit went out of His way to note these books as sources to be reviewed then they must have been, at the very least, extremely important. **NOTE:** The Book of Enoch (Ethiopic version) is the only Complete "Lost Book" still available.

	Name of "Lost Book"	Scriptural Reference(s)
1	The Book of the Covenant	Exodus (24:7), 2nd Kings (23:2), 2nd Chronicles (34:30)
2	The Book of the Wars of the Lord	Numbers (21:14)
3	The Book of Jasher	Joshua (10:13), 2nd Samuel (1:18)
4	The Manner of the Kingdom / Book of Statutes	1st Samuel (10:25)
5	The Chronicles of The Kings of Israel	1st Kings (14:19, 15:31, 16:5, 16:14, 16:20, 16:27, 22:39), 2nd Kings (1:18, 10:34, 13:8, 13:12, 14:15, 14:28, 15:10, 15:15, 15:21, 15:26, 15:31)
6	The Chronicles of The Kings of Judah	1st Kings (14:29, 15:7, 15:23, 22:45), 2nd Kings (8:23, 12:19, 14:18, 15:6, 15:36, 16:19, 20:20, 21:17, 21:25, 23:28, 24:5)
7	The Book of the Acts of Solomon	1st Kings (11:41)
8	Acts of Uziah by Isaiah The Prophet	2nd Chronicles (26:22)
9	The Chronicles of King David	1st Chronicles (27:24)
10	The Book of Samuel the Seer	1st Chronicles (29:29)
11	The Book of Nathan the Prophet	1st Chronicles (29:29), 2nd Chronicles (9:29)
12	The Book of Gad the Seer	1st Chronicles (29:29)
13	The Visions of Iddo the Seer	2nd Chronicles (9:29)
14	The Prophecy of Abijah the Shilonite	2nd Chronicles (9:29)
15	The Book of Shemaiah the Prophet	2nd Chronicles (12:15)
16	The Book of Iddo the Seer Concerning Genealogies	2nd Chronicles (12:15)
17	The Story of the Prophet Iddo	2nd Chronicles (13:22)
18	The Book of Jehu the Son of Hanani	2nd Chronicles (20:34)
19	The Sayings of the Seers	2nd Chronicles (33:19)
20	Book of The Records of The Chronicles of King Ahasuerus	Esther (2:23), (6:1)
21	The Book of The Chronicles of the Kings of Media and Persia	Esther (10:2)
22	Epistle to Corinth Not to Company with Fornicators	1st Corinthians (5:9)
23	Epistle to the Ephesians Concerning Paul's Revelation	Ephesians (3:3)
24	Epistle from Laodicea to the Colossians	Colossians (4:16)
25	Jude's Missing Epistle of Common Salvation	Jude (1:3)
26	Book of Enoch (Only COMPLETE book still available)	Jude (1:14) and many direct quotes
27	Nazarene Prophecy Source	Matthew (2:23)
28	The Account of the Chronicles of King David	1st Chronicles (27:24)







## The Book of Enoch

• Considered "inspired" and authentic by certain Jewish sects in the 1st Century B.C. • Preserved by the Ethiopic church as part of their canon. • Discovered in Ethiopia by James Bruce in 1773. • English translation was by R.H. Charles in 1912. • Authenticity has been reinforced by the Dead Sea Scrolls found in 1947. • Does not disagree with anything in our "canon". • Enoch lived 365 years and was "raptured" by God. • Enoch begins by saying that the book was not being written for his generation but for a remote one which is to come. • Expands on Genesis 6 story about the "sons of God" (fallen angels or watchers) who procreated with women. • The angels fell during the days of Jared (≈3000 B.C.) • Explains that all magic, astronomy, make-up, jewelry, weapons, abortion, and sorcery knowledge was taught to humanity by these fallen angels. • The offspring of these angels were "Nephilim" or giants that ruled the earth. · Probably responsible for building the sphinx, the pyramids, and Stonehenge. • Explains that demons are the unredeemable souls of the Nephilim after they were killed in Noah's flood.